

Gulf Coast Aquifer: Not Relevant for Purposes of Joint Planning

GMA 11 Technical Memorandum 16-03, Draft 1

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May 3, 2016

Introduction

The Texas Water Development Board, in its July 2013 document, Explanatory Report for Submittal of Desired Future Conditions to the Texas Water Development Board, offers the following guidance regarding documentation for aquifers that are to be classified not relevant for purposes of joint planning:

Districts in a groundwater management area may, as part of the process for adopting and submitting desired future conditions, propose classification of a portion or portions of a relevant aquifer as non-relevant (31 Texas Administrative Code 356.31 (b)). This proposed classification of an aquifer may be made if the districts determine that aquifer characteristics, groundwater demands, and current groundwater uses do not warrant adoption of a desired future condition.

The districts must submit to the TWDB the following documentation for the portion of the aquifer proposed to be classified as non-relevant:

- 1. A description, location, and/or map of the aquifer or portion of the aquifer;*
- 2. A summary of aquifer characteristics, groundwater demands, and current groundwater uses, including the total estimated recoverable storage as provided by the TWDB, that support the conclusion that desired future conditions in adjacent or hydraulically connected relevant aquifer(s) will not be affected; and*
- 3. An explanation of why the aquifer or portion of the aquifer is non-relevant for joint planning purposes.*

This technical memorandum provides the required documentation to classify the Gulf Coast Aquifer as not relevant for purposes of joint planning.

Aquifer Description and Location

As described in George and others (2011):

The Gulf Coast Aquifer is a major aquifer paralleling the Gulf of Mexico coastline from the Louisiana border to the border of Mexico. It consists of several aquifers, including the Jasper, Evangeline, and Chicot aquifers, which are composed of discontinuous sand, silt, clay, and gravel beds. The maximum total sand thickness of the Gulf Coast Aquifer ranges from 700 feet in the south to 1,300 feet in the north. Freshwater saturated thickness averages about 1,000 feet. Water quality varies with depth and locality: it is generally good in the

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central and northeastern parts of the aquifer, where the water contains less than 500 milligrams per liter of total dissolved solids, but declines to the south, where it typically contains 1,000 to more than 10,000 milligrams per liter of total dissolved solids and where the productivity of the aquifer decreases. High levels of radionuclides, thought mainly to be naturally occurring, are found in some wells in Harris County in the outcrop and in South Texas. The aquifer is used for municipal, industrial, and irrigation purposes. In Harris, Galveston, Fort Bend, Jasper, and Wharton counties, water level declines of as much as 350 feet have led to land subsidence. The regional water planning groups, in their 2006 Regional Water Plans, recommended several water management strategies that use the Gulf Coast Aquifer, including drilling more wells, pumping more water from existing wells, temporary overdrafting, constructing new or expanded treatment plants, desalinating brackish groundwater, developing conjunctive use projects, and reallocating supplies.

Figure 1 (taken from Wade and others, 2014) shows the limited extent of the Gulf Coast Aquifer in GMA 11. Note that it occurs only in a small portion of Angelina, Sabine, and Trinity counties.

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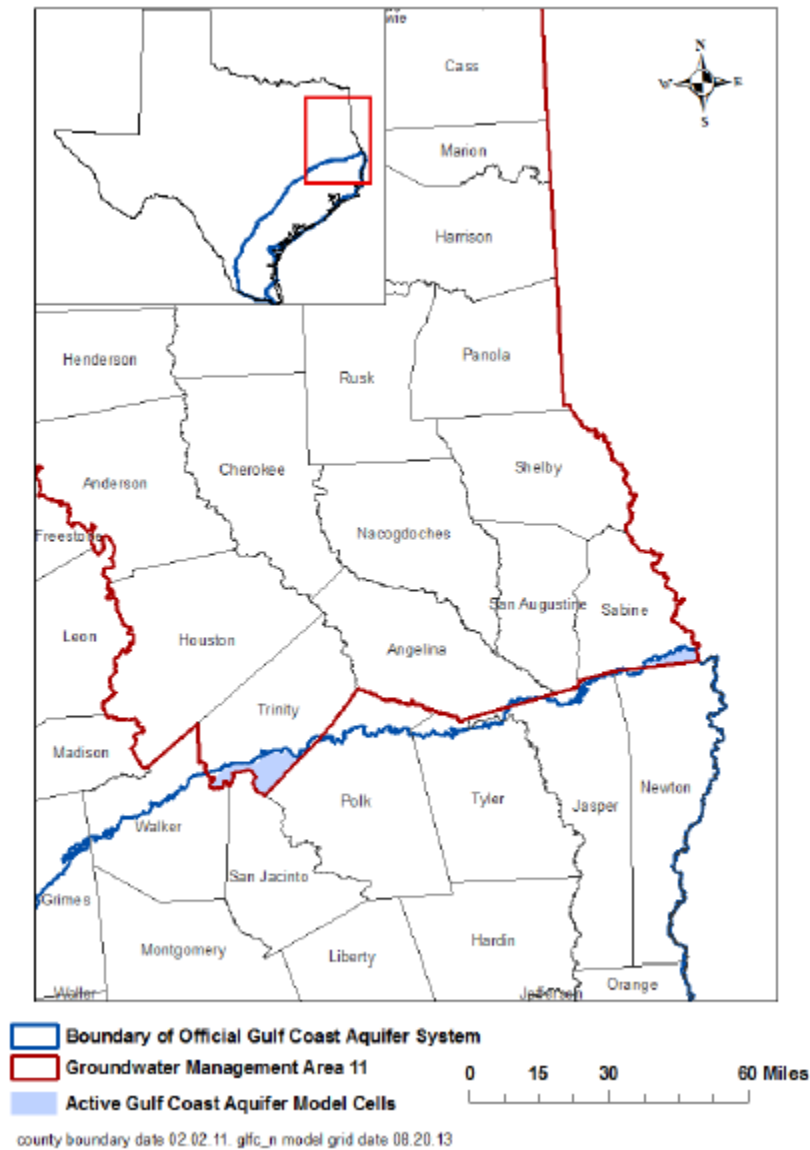


Figure 1. Location of Gulf Coast Aquifer in GMA 11

Aquifer Characteristics

The Jasper Aquifer is the relevant formation within the Gulf Coast Aquifer system in GMA 11. Previous studies (i.e. Chowdhury and others, 2004, pg. 36) noted that hydraulic conductivity in the Jasper is about 1 ft/day.

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Groundwater Demands and Current Groundwater Uses

The Texas Water Development Board pumping database shows 2012 groundwater pumping for the Gulf Coast Aquifer as follows:

- Sabine: 18 AF/yr
- Trinity: 333 AF/yr

No pumping was listed for Angelina County.

Total Estimated Recoverable Storage

Wade and others (2013) documented the total estimated recoverable storage for the Gulf Coast Aquifer in GMA 11 as follows:

<i>County</i>	<i>Total Storage (acre-feet)</i>	<i>25 percent of Total Storage (acre-feet)</i>	<i>75 percent of Total Storage (acre-feet)</i>
Angelina	27,000	6,750	20,250
Sabine	120,000	30,000	90,000
Trinity	1,300,000	325,000	975,000
Total	1,447,000	361,750	1,085,250

Total storage is given in the first column. The recoverable storage is assumed to be between 25 and 75 percent of the total storage.

Explanation of Non-Relevance

Due to its limited areal extent and generally low use, the Gulf Coast Aquifer is classified as not relevant for purposes of joint planning in Groundwater Management Area 11.

References

Chowdhury, A.H., Wade, S., Mace, R.E., Ridgeway, C., 2004. Groundwater Availability Model of the Central Gulf Coast Aquifer System: Numerical Simulations through 1999. Texas Water Development Board, Groundwater Availability Modeling Section, September 27, 2004, 114p.

George, P.G., Mace, R.E., and Petrossian, R., 2011. Aquifers of Texas. Texas Water Development Board Report 380, July 2011, 182p.

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Wade, S., Shi, J., and Seiter-Weatherford, C. 2014. GAM Task 13-034: Total Estimated Recoverable Storage for Aquifers in Groundwater Management Area 11. Texas Water Development Board, Groundwater Resources Division, April 2, 2014, 30p.